ARCHBOLDLETTER TO SEWELL

LATE SENATOR FROM NEW JER-SEY DRAGGED IN BY HEARST.

Standard Gil Official Wrote Him to See Congressman Gardner of New Jersey About Industrial Commission Report - Democratic Officials Attacked.

William R. Hearst unpacked last night a few more letters written by John D. Archbold of the Standard Oil Company to two national legislators—the late Senator William J. Sewell of New Jersey and foreign policy nor the relation of Gov-Congressman John J. Gardner of Atlantic. Mr. Hearst read the letters at a meeting | tion of which of two candidates will the at Cooper Union organized by the Independence party for labor men. There were enough labor men and Cooper Union regulars to pack the hall.

He said he wanted to show the working man that he was sincere and he would prove it by his record. He referred to how when he left college he helped union-in the eight years since a gold standard in the eight years since a gold standard in the eight years since a gold standard was definitely adopted.

"I think I can understand the overemocratic party because he had left the Democratic party because he had lost confidence in it and he never had had confidence in the Republican party. The working man never got anything out of either the Democratic or Republican the White House turned into an experiparty. He was a member of the Congress Committee on Labor and he knew what he was talking about. Mr. Hearst

I was on the Labor Comm ttee in Congress. I heard Mr. Gompers come before that Labor Committee and state that for twenty years through Democratic and Republican Congresses alike he had been trying to get certain labor measures considered and had never yet been able to do so. Mr. Gardner of New Jersey is the present chairman of that committee and have never in my life seen a man more angry than Mr. Gardner was when Mr. Rainey of Illinois and Mr. Hunt of Missouri and myself succeeded by a trick in forcing the eight bour bill through the Labor Com

against Mr. Gardner. But I am afraid that a too close association with privilege seeking corporations makes him indifferent to the demands of plain, everyday work

"26 BROADWAY, Dec. 20, 1899.
"Hon. William J. Sewell, Senate Chamber Washington, D. C..
"MY DEARSENATOR: We are informed that

it is the purpose of the industrial com-mission which has been taking testimony for a period of several months regarding industrial corporations to make a preliminary report at an early day to Congress which will probably serve as a text for discussion there.
"It seems very important that this report

should be wisely and conservatively shaped. Representative John J. Gardner of Atlantic City, N. J., is a member of that comdeed that you should have a word with him on the subject. We have no doubt from what we know of him and coming from the locality he does that he will treat the subject judicially and sensibly, but as I say it seems very desirable to be as sure as possible.
Trusting you can find an opportunity

Trusting you can find an opportunity of speaking with him on the subject and with kind regards, I am, very truly yours.

"JOHN D. ARCHBOLD."

"26 BROADWAY, Oct. 12, 1900.

"To the Honorable W. J. Sewell, Camden, N. J.

"MY DEAR SENATOR: I have your kind fevor of yesterday and beg. to thank you very sincerely for your prompt attention to the matter. I hope it will be possible for you to come in some time with Mr. Gardner, but if that is not possible will be greatly pressed to see him at any time, as suggested. Very truly yours, JOHN D. ARCHBOLD."

"Mr. Gompers says that although the old parties have been hostile or indifferent in the past he has some hopes in the Democratic party in the present.

I don't share Mr. Gompers's childlike confidence, and I base my opinion upon facts

fidence, and I base my opinion upon facts and not upon theories.

Mr. Hearst then renewed the attack

on managers of the Democratic national campaign, accusing them of unfriendli-ness to labor. He read affidavits from labor men in Terre Haute declaring that James E. Lamb, the vice-chairman of the Democratic national committee, as attorney for a street railway company had fought union men. Mr. Hearst con-

Now, as a final proof of the insincerity of the Democratic organization to union labor I have two letters here from M. D. King. Mr. King is the auditor for the national Democratic committee. Mr. King is an organizer for the Manufacturers Associan. When he is not actively engaged in a Democratic campaign he is going ab the country under pay from D. M. Parry and his associates establishing branches of the Manufacturers Association to com-bat and destroy labor unions. The letters I am about to read are in Mr. King's own handwriting throughout. One of them is addressed to Mr. Parry, whom Mr. King infimately calls "My Dear D. M." The other letter is addressed to John Maxwell, secretary to Mr. Parry, and refers to the the Manufacturers Association against the Typographical Union and against the eight hour bill in Congress. The letter to Mr. Parry congratulates that individual upon his reelection as president of the Manufacturers Association and upon the adoption by the convention of Mr Parry's anti-labor union policies. Here are

Sr. Louis, 5 26. your success at the Atlanta convention. You certainly achieved a great victory not only upon reelection, but also scoring success in securing the adoption by the convention of your policies.

Hurrah for D. M. Yours truly,

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., 7-12, 1908.

John Maxwell, Esq., Indianapolis.

DEAR SIR: Please send warm letters on eight hour bill and anti-injunction bill. arousing them on the fight we are making prevent coming Congress from forcing them by arbitrary laws to accept and abide by that which they are now so vigorously fighting the typographical union all over the country. I refer to the typographical people. The list I enclose is made up of that class. I impress upon them the best I can that it is to us they must look to as being the only likely organization that will be able to save them. If you can rush these letters-Amen! Any way at your earliest convenience. Yours truly, M. D. King.

convenience. Yours truly, M. D. King.

*I am going to make no comment on these letters and affidavits, but let you think them over," said Mr. Hearst as he slipped out of the hall.

The crowd started to go—it was late—but some one yelled over the crowd, "Here is Honest Tom Hisgen!" and the crowd settled back and cheered the candidate of the Independence party for President for a couple of minutes. He was followed by Clarence Shearn and John Temple Graves, who made a hurry up return trip from Long Island.

John Campbell, the Pittsburg labor leader, issued a challenge to Bryan to deny before a committee picked by Bryan that the last named had not said to him that workingmen "were public beggare."

that the last named had not said to limit that workingmen "were public beggars." Most of the speakers got after Bryan, but had little to say about Taft.

Mr. Hearst and Mr. Hisgen before coming to New York; spoke to an enthusiastic audience of 1,200 in Collseum Hall, Newark, N. J., less night. Mr. Hearst read the same letters there.

No Extra Charge for it.

Advertisements for THE SUN and THE EVENING SUN may be left at any American District Messenger office in the city.

CORTELYOU DISSECTS BRYAN. STATE KEEPS 'EM GUESSING

Secretary of the Treasury Discuss

Bank Deposit Guarante Secretary George B. Cortelyou of the Treasury spoke last night to an audience that filled the Murray Hill Lyceum, at Thirty-fourth street near Third avenue His speech was more in the form of a careful, logical argument than an ordinary campaign address, and the large crowd listened with attention and appre ciation for the hour and a quarter that

Mr. Cortelyou said that the issue of this campaign is not currency, expansion ernment to business, but that it is a ques better carry forward the work of government. After sketching briefly the career of the two men at the heads of their respective tickets, he spoke of a prophecy When Mr. Hearst arrived at 10 o'clock which Mr. Bryan made some time ago he got a noisy welcome which was helped to the effect that if a gold basis were along by the band for several minutes. adopted the price of our exports in foreign ports would be reduced. To show how accurate this was the Secretary quoted figures demonstrating that our exports have increased about \$150,000,000

ment station."

Mr. Bryan's plan for deposit guarantees does not fulfil its purpose, said Mr. Cortelyou, for the failure of a single large New York bank on the Oklahoma basis would wipe out the whole guarantee fund. "Mr. Bryan wants us to guarantee deposits but we want supplied to guarantee deposits but we want supplied to guarantee. fund. "Mr. Bryan wants us to guarantee deposits, but we want somebody to guarantee Mr. Bryan," declared the Secretary, and the house yelled approval. Then he went on to show that the Republican party had supplied a remedy for panics, so far as a remedy could be found, by passing the emergency currency law, and by the appointment of a monetary commission.

commission.

Ellwood Hendrick, candidate for State
Senator, acted as chairman of the meeting
and the other speakers were J. Francis
Burke, member of Congress from Pittsburg, and ex-Mayor Seth Low.

ROCKEFELLER OUT FOR TAFT. Official Statement From 26 Broadway Where He Was on Duty Yesterday.

The following narrative is official: Mr. John D. Rockefeller was found yes erday afternoon at his office on the fourteenth floor of 26 Broadway, which he was visiting after a long absence, and consented to talk upon the Presidential situation. He seemed to be in good health and condition and spoke as follows:

"It seems to me at this time when the question is put directly to any American citizen which candidate he will support by his vote for the Presidency he should be manly enough to answer it just as directly. I therefore say that I expect to cast my vote for William H. Taft.

"If for no other reason, I support Taft because on comparing him personally with Mr. Bryan, his chief opponent, I find the balance of fitness and temperament entirely on his side. The election of Mr. Taft will, I believe, make for law and order and stability of business. He is not a man, I judge, to adventure with rash experiments or to impede la return

Odell Not at Anti-Parsons Meeting.

J. Van Vechten Olcott, Congressman from the Fifteenth district, was down to address a meeting at Lyric Hall last night. On learning that the posters ad-vertising that he would be there described it as a meeting of anti-Parsons Republi-cans he did not go. It was one of Frank Hendrick's meetings and Hendrick is trying to defeat Congressman Parsons in the Thirteenth for reelection.

himself as an attache of the bank called at Ridge's home. He said that he lived in Rahway, N. J., and had stopped off here on his way to the bank to look up the applicant for the clerkship.

The stranger, who was of engaging manner, told Ridge that he would be required to furnish a cash bond to get the job in the bank. The boy procured \$100 from his aunt, Mrs. George E Kenyon, and the money was turned over to the stranger after he assured Mrs. Kenyon and her nephew that he would accompany them to the bank and close the contract for the boy's employment.

them to the bank and close the contract for the boy's employment.
Ridge and his aunt went to New York with the man, who proposed a hinch at a restaurant. The stranger hung his hat and nmbrella on a rack and in a few moments excused himself. He did not return and Mrs. Kenyon aud Ridge finally realized that they had been swindled. realized that they had been swindled.

The police are trying to find out how
the swindler got the information which
led him to young Ridge.

The Weather.

Rain continued to fail yesterday over the southern section of the middle Atlantic and throughout the south Atlantic States. Between five and six inches fell at Juriter, Pla., and rain of one inch or more extended into the interior of Georgia. Light rain fell over the Lake regions and in parts of the New England States. West

of georgia. Light rain fell over the Lake regions and in parts of the New England States. West of the Alleghany Mountains and south of the Great Lakes the weather was fair.

There was a storm centre bearing on the coast of Florida. Its movement was indefinite, but it is quite likely to move to the northeast.

It was cooler generally over nearly the entire courses. In New Preisned, the fall was four to courtry. In New England the fall was four to

country. In New England the latt was lour to ten derrees and in the extreme Northwest six to sixteen degrees, with freezing temperatures in North Dakota and south to Wyoming. In this city the day was cloudy, with showers in the evening, stationary temperature; winds generally fresh easterly; average humidity, 87 per cent.; barometer, corrected to at 8 A. M., 80.01; 8 P. M., 29.98. The temperature yesterday, as recorded by the official thermometer, is shown in the annexed

table: 1907, 1907, 1908, WARRINGTON FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TO-

For eastern New York, eastern Pennsylvani and New Jersey, rain, followed by clearing and cooler to-day; fair and cooler to-morrow; northerly

dies, diminishing.
For New England, rain to-day; fair and cooler to-morrow; northerly gales.

For the District of Columbia, Delaware and Maryland, fair to-day and to-morrow; dimin-ishing northwesterly winds.

For western New York and western Pean-sylvania, fair and cooler to-day and to-morrow; fresh to strong northwesterly winds.

Carry This County-On the Other That Bryan Will Get the State by

40,000-Bets on Governor Bisky.

POLLS" OF BOTH PARTIES EQUALLY FALLACIOUS. One Side You Hear That Taft May

National Committeeman William L Ward, Chairman Timothy L. Woodruff of the State committee and Representative Herbert Parsons, president of the New York county committee, have caused to be taken for the Republicans polls as to the prospective esult in the State on Tuesday next. These polls ar taken by election district captains all over the There isn't a campaigner of any enown who does not say that polls taken by political lieutenants must be discounted heavily. Election district captain put their best foot forward in thei efforts to please their chiefs, and publishing extravagant "claims" on the eve of election is supposed to influence hegitating voters. Perhars the present campaign will demonstrate for the future guidance of politician something like the true value of a poll taken by political lieu-

tenants. It is known that Mr. Ward, Mr. Woodruff and Mr. Parsons on the polls submitted to them believe that Taft may even carry New York county, that his plurality in the State may be 180,000 and Gov. Hughes's plurality 100,000. New York county has been lost but once to a Democratic Presidential candidate, and that was in 1896. In 1900 New York county gave Bryan a plurality of 28,766, and the very general expectation is that he will have a far greater plurality in the county this Yet these election district captains have loaded up a poll giving the county to Taft.

The Democratic polls submitted to Chairman Mack of the national committee and to Chairman Conners of the State committee are looked upon as equally fallacious. They make it appear that Bryan will carry the State by 40,000 and that Chanler will win over Hughes by

In no campaign in a generation have so many independent voters, labor voters and negro voters declined to express their intentions. You hear it all over the city that there isn't a campaigner at the headquarters, national or State, on either side that has the remotest idea of what the silent vote is to do in this campaign. Country voters came down here yesterday and said that the situation is utterly mixed in almost every county, just as much mixed, for instance, as it is in the counties below The Bronx. The Democrats tell you that in some counties above the Mohawk Valley there is an undercurrent for Bryan and Hughes, while in the towns along the Hudson River and in the cities from Albany to Buffalo and in the cities of the southern tier there is a strong undertow for Taft and Chanler. In this the up-country Republicans coincide. Both said that there are lots and lots of cotters who will not give the alightest.

Both said that there are lots and lots of voters who will not give the slightest inkling of what they are to do on election day. Those who went over the "polls" yesterday county by county said they were all guesswork.

All the Hughes 10 to 8 money was taken yesterday by the Chanlerites, and last night one of the biggest commissioners, who must do his work secretly of course, said: "The Chanler people took all my Hughes money to-cay quickly and I have only \$5,000 left, but the Hughes men now insist that I must bet the money even." A Democratic chieftain who has been very sceptical over Chanler's obsnees bet \$5,000 even last night on Chanler. Certain Tammany men whose loyalty to Chanler cannot be doubted felt it in their bones yesterday, they said, that Gov. Hughes cannot be doubted felt it in their bones yesterday, they said, that Gov. Hughes is to be reelected Nobody can tell what the Independence League vote is to be, and there was a report last night that most of it would be plumped for Taft and Hughes. When the report got abroad many of the Independence Leaguers were cross and said that they abroad many of the independence Leaguers were cross and said that they could not be delivered that way and that they would stand by their guns, Hisgen for President and Shearn for Governor, and make the best showing possible Mr. Mack and Mr. Conners and Mr. Mur-

vertising that he would be there described it as a meeting of anti-Parsons Republicans he did not go. It was one of Frank Hendrick's meetings and Hendrick is trying to defeat Congressman Parsons in the Thirteenth for reelection.

PAID \$100 FOR A CLERKSHIP

And Didn't Get It—Bunce Man Get the Monry and Pied.

Montclair, N. J., Oct. 29.—A buncoman has credited Harold W. Ridge, 19 years old, of 221 Glenridge avenue, this town, with \$100.

Some time ago Ridge made application to the First National Bank of New York for employment as a clerk and his name and address were filed there. Yesterday a young man who represented himself as an attaché of the bank called at Ridge's home. He said that he lived in Rahway, N. J., and had stopped of here on his way to the bank to look up to the first National Rank of the bank to look up to the policy of the person his way to the bank to look up to the first rather plain that they are supporting the Governor. In the Demogratic cannot turn over the vote of the league to Tat and Hughes.

The Democrates speaking of the betting odds of 10 to 8 in favor of Hughes recalled that in the campaign of 1904 the betting odds of 10 to 8 in favor of Hughes recalled that in the campaign of 1904 the betting odds of 10 to 8 in favor of Hughes recalled that in the campaign of 1904 the betting odds of 10 to 8 in favor of Hughes recalled that in the campaign of 1904 the betting odds of 10 to 8 in favor of Hughes recalled that in the campaign of 1904 the betting odds of 10 to 8 in favor of Hughes recalled that in the campaign of 1904 the betting odds of 10 to 8 in favor of Hughes recalled that in the campaign of 1904 the betting odds of 10 to 8 in favor of Hughes.

The Democrates and Hughes.

The Democrates and Hughes.

The Democrates and Hughes.

The Democrates and Hughes will carry the State by rousing pluralities. He is not being dots in finitesimal in the State and that Mr. Hearst cannot turn over the vote of the league to Tat and Hughes.

The Democrates and Hughes will carry the State by rousing pl

and made it rather plain that they are supporting the Governor. In the Democratic camp, it is known, Mr. Mack and Mr. Conners are relying for support for Bryan and Chanler upon certain voters who are not for either Bryan or Chanler.

Election betting in the financial district was dull yesterday because of a seeming scarcity of Bryan and Chanler money and because of the difficulty of locating bettors since the anti-betting law destroyed the open betting market. law destroyed the open betting market on the curb. On the few bets on the Presidential election that could be verified Presidential election that could be verified the odds ranged between 4 to 1 and 5 to 1 on Taft. The odds on the State election were 10 to 9 to 5 to 4 on Hughes. Hughes men said they could find no Chanler money. Men willing to take a flier on Bryan at 1 to 5 couldn't find the Taft money, and altogether there was little to indicate any drift of sentiment.

DENVERBETS AGAINST HUGHES. All the Odds Are Against Bryan, Except for His Carrying Nebraska.

DENVER, Oct. 29 .- Money is being wagered freely here on the Presidential election and many bets are being made on New York results.

Even money is offered that Taft will have 50,000 plurality in New York, and even money that Hughes will be defeated.
Almost unlimited offers of 4 to 1 against

Bryan are made. Occasionally an even bet is made that Bryan will carry Colo-rado, but Bryan money is scarce on this proposition.
Odds in Indiana are 100 to 60 for Taft, Maryland, even; on Nebraska, 90 to 100

on Taft. on Tart.

Even money is offered that Colorado will elect one Democratic Congressman. Betting Odds Favor Gov. Johnson.

St. PAUL, Oct. 29.—Fifty thousand dollars has been wagered here on the reelection of Gov. John A. Johnson at from even up to 3 to 1. A careful poll of the State shows that Johnson will win by 10,000 to 30,000. Bets are being freely made that Taft will not have a majority over Bryan of 50,000. Four years ago Roosevelt had 176,000.

Girl Who Couldn't Get Work a Suicide Elizabeth Martin, 27 years old, who came to this city from Philadelphia two days ago, killed herself in the furnished room house at 180 East 127th street yester-day by inhaling gas. She had been in poor health and had failed in an attempt to get work here.

COMES TO GET ROY F. WARD. JUMPS FROM SPEEDING TRAIN Richmond Detective Has Warrant for

Young Man Accused by Girl. RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 29 .- Capt. Tomlinson sent a detective to New York city last night to bring back Roy F. Ward. known to some as Frank Mulford, who was arrested there yesterday on a war-rant from Richmond sworn out by the father of a young woman of this city charging him with having attempted to commit a capital offence against her and with having threatened to kill her if she

with having threatened to kill her it she resisted.

The girl, whose name is withheld by the police pending her complete identification of the prisoner, says she leaped from an automobile in which Ward was taking her ostensibly for a drive in the country and escaped across country to the reservoir car line, thence home.

Ward, it is said, disappeared at once. The Richmond authorities received a telegram last evening saying that Ward had employed counsel and would fight extradition. Ward came here with G. H. Harris of New York.

Ward, who is a chauffeur and lives at 57 West 108th street, will be arraigned this morning in the Tombs court. Ward says he was taking an automobile from Norfolk to Richmond and in the latter place he picked up a friend and they took two girls they didn't know out for a ride. He said that one of the girls got frightened and jumped out of the car and ran away.

MORE TROOPS FOR HAWAII Garrison to Be Increased by Two Squad

rons of Cavalry-Other Changes. WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.-An increase in the military garrison of the Hawaiian Islands was ordered to-day by Luke E Wright, Secretary of War. The headquarters, band and the First and Second squadrons of the Fifth Cavalry, now at Fort Huachuca, will be sent to Honolulu.

The military guard at the Yellowstone Park will also be increased. Troops E F and G will go to the Yellowstone Park, Troop H remaining at Fort Duchesne Troop H remaining at Fort Duchesne. Troops F and G, Eighth Cavalry, go to Fort Huachuca, Arizona, with headquarters of the squadron and troops E and H to Fort Apache, Arizons. Squadron headquarters and two troops of the Third Squadron, Third Cavalry, to be designated by the squadron commander, are transferred from Fort Sam Houston, Texas, to Fort Wingate, New Mexico, to garrison that post.

garrison that post.

The following transfers and assignments were made incident to these movements

of troops:
Capt. Nissen, Fifth Cavalry, from
Troop H to Troop L; Capt. Hall, same
regiment, from Troop F to Troop H;
Capt. Connell, Fifth Cavalry, unassigned, Capt. Connell, Fifth Cavalry, unassigned, assigned to Troop G; Major Benson of the Fourteenth Cavalry, transferred to the Fifth Cavalry and directed to report to the Secretary of the Interior for appointment as superintendent of the Yellowstone National Park, and Major Bishop, Fifth Cavalry, transferred to the Fourteenth Cavalry.

Bishop, Fifth Cavalry, transferred to the Fourteenth Cavalry.

All these movements and transfers are in pursuance of instructions from the Secretary of War, based on a plan to increase the garrison of the Hawaiian Islands, which has been under consideration and discussion for some months. The troops assigned to duty in the Yellowstone Park will remain there during the tour of foreign service of the rest of the regiment and after its return, thus giving a more permanent character to the guard a more permanent character to the guard at this national park, which has been recommended many times by many

officers.

The Department also ordered the transfer of the headquarters, field and staff, of the Second Battalion of the Fifth Field Artillery from Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, to Fort Snelling, Minnesota.

Movements of Naval Vessels. WASHINGTON, Oct. 29:- The gunboat Dubuque has arrived at Tompkinsville the training ship Annapolis at Auckland, the supply ship Supply at Kobe, the col-lier Ajax at Manila and the tug Tecumseh at Norfolk.

at Norfolk.

The cruiser Des Moines has sailed from Kingston for Guantanamo, the collier Justin and the tug Navajo from San Diego for Magdalena Bay, the cruiser Buffalo from Bremerton for San Francisco, the repair ship Panther from Hongkong for Olongapo, the gunboat Castine from New York Navy Yard for Philadelphia and the tug Active from San Diego for Magdalena Bay.

Twenty Railroads to Be Sued for Vielating Safety Appliance Law.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.-The Interstate Commerce Commission announced to-day that the Attorney-General has transmitted to the various United States Attorneys information of violations of the Federal safety appliance act by twenty different railroads, there being seventy-three violations in all. The information upon which suits are to be rought was reported to the commission by its in-spectors of safety appliances.

in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29 .- Juan Barrios, Minister of Foreign Affairs of Guatemala, mission to them the United States Government for sending a representative to attend the opening several months ago of the Guatemalan Railway. He will be formally presented to President Roosevelt and Secretary of State Elihu Root.

Cabinet Meetings Called Off.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—The President announced to-day that the regular Cabinet meeting for Friday of this week and Tues-day of next week had been called off on account of the absence of members of the Cabinet, who are all away making campaign speeches, except Secretar Metcalf, who was compelled to cance his speaking engagements on account of illness.

Army and Navy Orders.

Washington, Oct. 29.—These army orders were issued to day:

First Lieut. George C. Lewis, Signal Corps, to Washington Barracks, D. C.
First Lieut. Ciliford L. Corbin, Coast Artillery Corps, from 185th Company to assume command of the United States army mine planter, with station in New York city, relieving First Lieut. Haidan U. Tompkins, Coast Artillery Corps, now unassigned, who is assigned to the 185th Company, By direction of the President, Col. Henry E. Robinson, infantry, upon his own application, after more than forty-one years service, is retired from active service. He will proceed to his home.

Major John B. Porter, Judge advocate, is detailed to represent the War Department at the meeting of the American Prison Association to be held at Richmond, Va., November 14 to 19.

Capt. Campbell E. Babcock, Quartermaster, to army transport service, San Francisco, Cal., for duty as Quartermaster of the United States army transport Sheridan, with station in San Francisco, to relieve Capt. Frederick L. Dengier, Coast Artillery Corps, of that duty, Capt. Dengier when so relieved will report to the general superintendent, army transport service, San Francisco, for duty as his assistant.

First Lieut, Gilbert C. Smith, Second Cavalry, to Fort Veilowstone, Wyo., relieving Capt. Joseph C. Castner, Quartermaster: Capt. Castner will proceed to Honolulu.

The following transfers of officers are ordered: Second Lieut. Harry L. Jordan, from Twenty-first to Eighth infantry; Second Lieut. James G. Boswell, from Eighth to Twenty-first Infantry.

By direction of the President Lieut. Col. Frank WASHINGTON, Oct. 29. These army orders wer

G. Boswell, from Eighth to twenty its fantry.
By direction of the President Lieut. Col. Frank
B. Jones, Nineteenth Infantry, is detailed for service and to fill a vacancy in the AdjutantGeneral's Department. Lieut. Col. Jones will proceed to Atlanta, Ga., and report in person to the commanding general. Department of the Gulf, for duty as Adjutant-General of that department.

Major William C. Borden, Medical Corps, to await retirement in Washington, D. C., for the convenience of the Government.

These navy orders were issued:
Ensign E. C. Oak, from the Hist to the Maine:
Ensign B. C. Hargis, to the Hist.
Ensign B. H. Steele, from the St. Louis to the
Colorado.
Surgeon A. M. D. McCormick, from recruiting
station, Baltimore, to the Maine as fleet surgeon,
third squadron, Atlantic fleet.
Surgeon M. S. Elliott, from the Maine to the
naval hospital, Washington, D. C.
Paymaster J. Brooks, from naval proving
ground, Indian Head, Md., to navy yard, New
Yorl.
Assistant Paymaster H. H. Alkirs, to naval
proving ground, Indian Head, Md.

N. Y. CENTRAL FIREMAN HAD BEEN BADLY SCALDED.

After Boiler Flue Burst Engineer of Poughkeepsie Local Saves Himself by Leaning Far Out of Window and Stops Train-The Passengers Transferred.

While the Poughkeepsie local train which left the Grand Central Station at 6:27 o'clock last night was travelling at nearly sixty miles an hour just above Ardsley on the Hudson a flue leading from the firebox to the boiler broke and a stream of water poured into the firebox, causing a cloud of steam to roll through the door into the cab of the locomotive.

Henry Wenn, the fireman, of West Albany, who was throwing a shovelful of coal into the firebox at the time, was badly scalded about the fac and upper part of the body, and, thinking that the boiler was about to burst, he leaped from the door of the cab into the dark-

Engineer Sully of Ren:selser, who was also enveloped by steam, heard his fire-man scream and saw him jump, but Sully hurriedly raised the window of the cab, and, leaning far out to protect himself from being scalded, kept his post and brought the train to a stop as quickly as possible about three-quarters of a mile above Irvington and a mile and a

half from where the fireman jumped. It was then 7:15 o'clock, and fifteen minutes later the Croton local, which leaves the Grand Central Station at 6:15 but makes slower time, pulled up behind the Poughkeepsie train. Conductor Henry Boucher of the Poughkeepsie train an-

Boucher of the Poughkeepsie train announced to the passengers that the locomotive had broken down and had them board the Croton local. As the Poughkeepsie train was blocking the main line the Croton train took a siding and went on. Conductor Boucher than sent a fireman and two track walkers back along the line to find the fireman. They hunted along the mile and a half of track between Irvington and Ardsley for over an hour without getting any trace of the fireman. The conductor said that he didn't propose to take his train out until the man had been found.

to take his train out until the been found.

The searchers finally saw an object in the ditch along the track almost covered with mud and water. They found that it was Fireman Wenn, barely conscious and suffering greatly from his burns. They got out a hand car and took him to Dobbs Ferry, where an ambulance which had been summoned carried him to the Dobbs Ferry Hospital. At the

which had been summoned carried him to the Dobbs Ferry Hospital. At the hospital it was found that on account of landing in the water and mud Wenn had not suffered much from the fall, but was in serious a condition on account of the soalding he had received.

Another locomotive was sent to Irvington to take the disabled train away, but it blooked the main track until 10:15 o'clock, the other trains using the siding in the meantime. Few of the persons on the Poughkeepsie train knew when they were transferred to the Croton train they had lost the fireman and that the engineer had stuck to his post in a cloud of steam.

JURY BRIBER CONFESSES.

Tells Court of Efforts to Save Abe Ruef Frem Conviction.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 29 .- E. A. S. Blake who was recently convicted of attempting to bribe a Ruef juror, created a sensa tion in court to-day by making a confession when he was called for sentence He declared that he confessed without any hope of immunity or reduction of sentence. He said that Attorney Newburgh had offered to give Kelly, one of the Ruef jurors, \$1,000 if he voted right. Blake carried this message to Kelly but on the following day, when Kelly had promised to give an answer, he refused to take the money and immediately told the District Attorney all about the ttempt to bribe him.

"After my conviction," Blake went on, mouth shut. They showed me two national issues only. checks. They were for \$10,000 all told "I am not well enough acquainted to and were signed by Abraham Ruef and talk on local or State issues," said he, were made payable to the order of Mur- "but I do not believe there are many. phy and Newburgh.

MAGNESS CHARGES SIGNED.

Husband of Senator German's Daughter to Be Tried as a Deserter From the Navy. WASHINGTON, Oct. 29 .- Truman H. Newberry, acting Secretary of the Navy, to-day signed the charges against Musi cian Charles J. Hartlove, alias Magness, who deserted from the United States ship Dolphin several months ago and was snip Dolphin several moths ago at was arrested in Louisville last week. The charge was prepared by the Judge Advocate-General of the Navy, and after being signed by the Secretary was forwarded to Rear Admiral Edwin C. Pendleton, commandant of the League Island Navy Yard, where Hartlove is awaiting trial. The court-martisf will convene there within a few weeks. Hartlove's case will be tried in its regular order. If convicted he is liable to a maximum sentence of two and a half years imprisonment and dishonorable discharge from the navy.

Magness is the husband of Mrs. Ada Gorman Magness, daughter of the late Senator Gorman of Maryland. They were married in Louisville several months ago. Magness enlisted as a musician in the navy under the name of C. J. Hartlove. arrested in Louisville last week. The

SAYS HARRIMAN IS FOR TAFT. Ex-Gov. Francis Declares He Had It From His Own Lips.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Oct. 29.-Ex-Gov Francis of Missouri in a speech here tonight took issue with Senator Beveridge's night took issue with Senator Beveridge's statement made yesterday in a speech that E. H. Harriman is not for Taft.

Gov. Francis declared that he had it from Mr. Harriman's own lips a week ago that he was for Taft and that Mr. Harriman had admitted that Bryan's election would not interfere with the business

\$15,000 FOR TAFT FUND. Valter S. Dickey and Ex-Comptroller

Ridgeley Send in Checks. KANSAS CITY, Oct. 29 .- When the Republican national committee publishes its campaign contributions the names of William B. Ridgeley, former Comptrolle of the Currency, and Walter S. Dickey, chairman of the Republican State committee, will appear as munificent givers.

Mr. Dickey wrote a check yesterday for \$10,000, which was forwarded along with the \$5,000 check of Mr. Ridgeley.

You can purchase a thoroughly distinctive. Suit or Topcoat at \$15 to \$25it depends upon where you buy.

All clothes shops sell suits or overcoats at these prices. Some of their garments are of good materials, others are sometimes well tailored-but

in how many clothes shops can you be certain of good materials, reliable tailoring and thorough distinction -at modest cost?

Of this you may be certain-we shall never put in peril the reputation of our own shop by setting a price scale too low to permit of worthy materials.

As to tailoring-it is enough to say that our craftsmen draw no distinction; the suit at \$15 is as distinctive as the one of highest cost. READY-FOR-SERVICE

Suits & Topcoats for Men at \$15 to \$25

WILL CONCLUDE TOMORROW

The extraordinary Sale of \$5 & \$6 Shoes for Men, at

Of russet or tan Russia calfskin, patent or gun metal calfskin, patent colt or patent kidskin, or glazed kidskin.

Newest models-button Blucher or lace styles and all toes, conservative to extreme. ALL WIDTHS AA TO E AND ALL SIZES

ALSO, CONCLUDING ON SATURDAY.

The Sale of \$3.50 & \$5.00 Derby Hats for Men, 1.95

Fall and Winter Models in self-conforming or regular weight; black or brown-and every size.

Broadway Saks & Company 34th Street

Murphy and Newburgh came to me and this evening from Cincinnati, preceded

We thought we had local issues in "We will put these checks in the hands of a third party, said Murphy and New- you have heard in this State, where burgh, 'and we will also take care of he was talking not for himself but your wife and pay her \$100 per month while you are in prison."

Blake declared that he would appear against Newburgh and Murphy at their trials next week. Judge Dunne then deferred sentence for two weeks. cornering him only to find out that he stood on the same ground as the Gov-

ernor did.

"Let me say to you that without question Judge Taft will carry the State of New York by not less than 100,000, and Gov. Hughes will do likewise.

"Now, my friends, if you are not going to let your Eastern friends beat you you must be up and doing and on next Tuesday roll up a tremerdous majority for Judge Taft and the Republican administration.

for Judge Taft and the Republican administration.

"It is widely rumored throughout the East and the West that Ohio is doubtful. I have not believed and I do not believe it now. How can Ohio be doubtful? All along the route by which I have come from New England, through New Jersey and Pennsylvania and New York, there is no question left but the size of the majorities. I believe that I know the men of Ohio—I know they love their State and will not fail to roll up the customary majority on Tuesday next." [Applause.]

Mr. Root then paid a tribute to Gov.

In the conditions of the same and depend on initiative and referendum?

"Shall we elect men to our Legislatures and depend on initiative and referendum?"

"Shall we elect men to our Legislatures and depend on initiative and referendum?"

"Shall we elect men to our Legislatures and depend on initiative and referendum?"

"Shall we elect men to our Legislatures and the borrower rather than prosecute them and make them be good?

"Shall we leace the them and make them be good?

"Shall we leace in the hands of an executive officer, in Washington the sole destiny of any part of the tariff, to be lowered or raised as he desires?

"Shall we leace in the hands of an executive officer, in Washington the sole destiny of any part of the tariff, to be lowered or raised as he desires?

"Shall we leace in the hands of an executive officer, in Washington the sole destiny of any part of the tariff, to be lowered or raised as he desires?

"Shall we place in the hands of an executive officer, in Washington the sole destiny of any part of the tariff, to be lowered or raised as he desires?

"Shall we place in the hands of an executive officer, in Washington the sole destiny of any part of the tariff, to be lowered or raised as he desires?

"Shall we place in the hands of an executive officer, in Washington the sole destiny of any part of the tariff, to be lowered or raised as he desires?

"Shall we place in the hands of an executive officer, in Washington the sole destiny of any part of the tariff, to be lowered or raised as he desires?

"Shall we place in the hands of an executive officer, in Washington the sole destiny of any part of the tariff, to be lowered or raised as he desires?

"Shall we place in the hands of an executive officer, in Washington the sole destiny of any part of the tariff, to be lowered or raised as he desires?

"Shall we place in the hands of an executive officer, in Washington the sole destiny of any part of the tariff, to be lowered or raised as he desires?

"Shall we place in the hands of an executive off

on such grounds as the opposition sents.

"No one can say, and no one does say, that the government of McKinley and Roosevelt has not been efficient as well as honest. Nor can any one say that the candidate whom we propose to the people of the United States for successor to the Presidency is not a signal example both of the honesty and the efficiency of that government.

HUGHES, 100,000, SAYS ROOT

SECRETARY PUTS GOVERNOR'S
MAJORITY EVEN WITH TAFT'S.

Tells Onto Republicans They'll Have to
Hustle if They Want to De as Well by
Taft as the East Will De-Finds No
Issues, Either State or National.

Toledo, Ohio, Oct. 29.—Secretary of
State Elihu Root spoke for Taft to thousands of people here to-night at the Valentine Theatre. A reception at the Boody
House, where Mr. Root arrived at 6:40
this evening from Cincinnati, preceded the meeting. Secretary Root spoke on national issues only.

"I am not well enough acquainted to as the two cases which lie at the basis of the just rights of labor—the Cowen case, decided by him in the Superior Court of this city, and the case decided by him in the Circuit Court of the United States. I say that upon those two cases decided by Judge Taft there rests a structure of practical effectiveness which lie at the basis of the just rights of labor—the Cowen case, decided by him in the Circuit Court of the United States. I say that upon those two cases decided by him in the Circuit Court of the United States. I say that upon those two cases decided by Judge Taft there rests a structure of practical effectiveness which lie at the basis of the just rights of labor—the Cowen case, decided by Judge Taft there rests a structure of practical effectiveness which lie at the basis of the just rights of labor—the Cowen case, decided by Judge Taft there rests a structure of practical effectiveness which lie at the basis of the just rights of labor—the Cowen case, decided by Judge Taft there rests a structure of practical effectiveness which lie at the basis of the just rights of labor—the Cowen case, decided by Judge Taft there rests a structure of practical effectiveness which lie at the Superior Court of this city, and the case decided by Judge Taft there rests a structure of practical effectiveness which lie at the Judge for cut of the just rights of the just right of t going to take any chances of reaction on account of Bryan's election. "The labor unions which are beneficial

"The labor unions which are beneficial not only to the employees but to the manufacturer are fighting the issue of their career, namely, whether they are their own master or under the yoke of a leader. I believe that on next Tuesday they will clearly show that they still are their own master." Secretary Root got a tremendous ova-tion at the conclusion of his address. He left t 11:15 direct for New York.

ITCHING ECZEMA FIFTY-FIVE YEARS

Suffered Torments from Birth -Boils Formed as Big as Walnuts -In Frightful Condition and Could Hardly Work - Tried All Kinds of Remedies to No Avail - At Last

WHOLLY CURED IN 8 MONTHS BY CUTICURA

"I had an itching, tormenting exema ever since I came into the world, and I am now a man fifty-five years old. I tried all kinds of medicines I heard of, but found no relief. I was truly in a frightful condition. At least my blood was so bad that I broke out all over with red and white boils, which kept growing until they were as big as walnuts, causing great pain and missry. I thought they would take the skin off my whole body, but I kept from scratching as well as I could. I was so run down that I could hardly do my work. Mr. Nelson R. Burnett recommended the use of Cuticura Remedies, telling me he was confident they would benefit and, in time, cure me. I used the Cuticura Soap, Ointment, Resolvent, and Pills for about eight months, and I can truthfully say I am cured. I cordially recommend Cuticura Remedies to all who are afflicted the same as I was, believing that, if they will use them according to directions, they will find them all they are represented to be Any one doubting the truth of the above can write to Mr. Burnett, who will cheerfully wouch for my statements.

"Hale Bordwell, R. F. D. 3, Cedar Corners, Tipton, Ia., Aug. 17, 1907."

"I cheerfully endorse the above testimonded. It is the truth of the above testimonded. It is the truth.

"I cheerfully endorse the above tes-timonial. It is the truth. I know Mr. Bordwell and know the condition he was in. He never tires of praising the Cuticura Remedies. "Nelson R. Burnett, Tipton, Is."

Gentle anointings with Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, preceded by warm baths with Cuticura Soap, followed in the severer forms, with mild doses of Cuticura Resolvent Pills, afford instant relief, permit rest and sleep, and point to a speedy cure of torturing, distinguising, itching, burning, and scaly humons, eccemas, rashes, and inflammations, from infancy to age.

Cuticura Soap (25c) to Classes the Site. Cuticura Soap (25c) to Classes the Site.

Cuticura Soam (25c) to Cleanse the cura Olatment (50c.) to Heal the Skin gars Resortwent (50c.) tor in the form a Grand Pills, 25c. per vial of 600 to Furity Sold throughout the world. Potter Drug. Bole Preps., Roston, Mass. "That he is efficient as a Judge, look